Indiana Violent Death Reporting System (INVDRS)

Advisory Board Meeting

Rachel Kenny, INVDRS Epidemiologist

Division of Trauma and Injury Prevention





INVDRS@isdh.in.gov





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Worksheet

Questions / Concerns / roadblocks

Indiana Violent Death

Reporting System



Indiana State Department of Health

Outline of Meeting

- Welcome & Introductions
- CDC Updates
- Data Collection Updates
- Rob Simpson Presentation





Outline of Meeting

- MIPA NVDRS Committee
- 2016 Statewide Implementation
- Data Confidentiality
- Injury Prevention Updates





Introductions

- Name
- Organization
- Role/job title within organization
- Update
 - Events
 - Projects
 - Issues

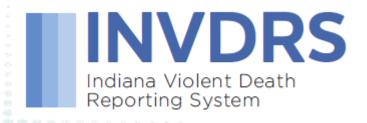
(Related to Violence & Injury Prevention)





New INVDRS Staff!

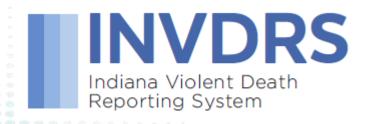
- Marion Chaloux
 - INVDRS Records Consultant
 - Mchaloux@isdh.in.gov
 - 317.233.8460





New 2016 meeting dates

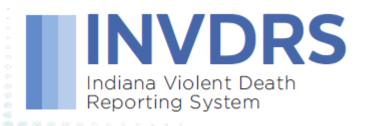
- 3rd Friday of the month
 - 1 p.m.-3 p.m. EST in Rice Auditorium
 - March 18
 - July 15
 - September 16
 - November 18





CDC Site Visit

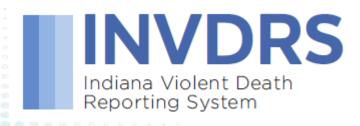
September 1, 2015





Attendees

- INVDRS Staff
- CDC Representatives
 - Rebecca Wilson, MPH, Public Health Advisor/Project Officer
 - Katherine Fowler, PhD, Science Officer
- INVDRS Advisory Board Members



Indiana State

<u>Department of Health</u>

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Coding Manual Revisions





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Revisions

- "Other race" option removed
- Added "Domestic Partnership" to the Marital State variable. New response options:
 - 1. Married/Civil Union/Domestic Partnership
 - 2. Never Married
 - 3. Widowed
 - 4. Divorced
 - 5. Married/Civil Union/Domestic Partnership, but separated
 - 6. Single, not otherwise specified
 - 9. Unknown

Revisions (cont.)

- Two new variables designed to capture more information on victims' involvement in an intimate relationship at the time of an incident
 - Relationship Status
 - 1. Currently in a relationship
 - 2. Not currently in a relationship
 - 9. Unknown
 - Sex of Partner
 - 1. Same sex as victim
 - 2. Opposite sex as victim
 - 3. Not applicable
 - 9. Unknown

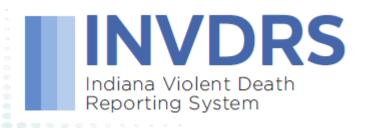
Revisions (cont.)

- Updated guidance and examples for when to code "Homelessness" and "Random Violence" variables
- Various corrections on discrepancies and errors
- Guidance on how to obtain census track and block information



Data Collection Updates

All data is preliminary





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Death Certificates

- 1242 cases statewide (as of 11/17 DC update)
 - 786 Suicides (63.3%)
 - 308 Homicides (24.8%)
 - 117 Undetermined (9.4%)
 - 31 Accidental (2.5%)

*preliminary numbers

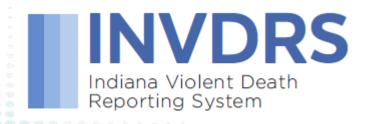




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CDC Timelines

- 6 months from Death-Case Initiation via Death Certificate
- 18 months from Death-Case Completion (all 3 major sources abstracted)

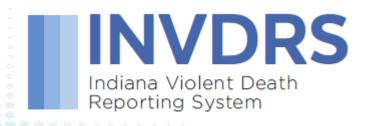




CDC Timelines

 98% of our Death Certificates were uploaded within 6 months of Death!

 Median days from death to initiation in INVDRS = 98 days





Death Certificates

Pilot Counties

- -47.8% of all cases (594)
- 40.3% of all suicides (317)
- 75.6% of all homicides(233)

*preliminary numbers





Death Certificates

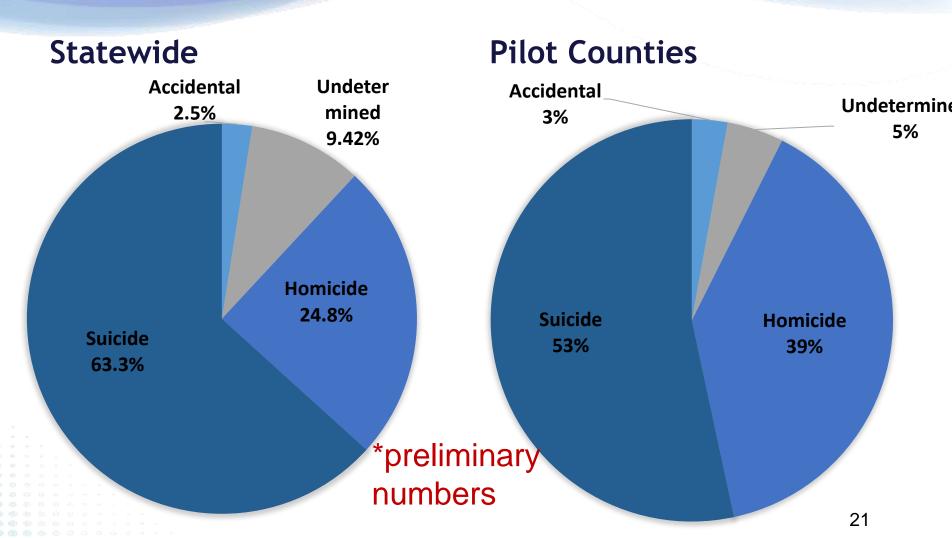
	All Pilot	Marion	Lake	Allen	St. Joseph	Vander burgh	Madison
Total	594	242	123	92	67	43	27
Suicide	317	112	59	49	41	34	22
Homicide	233	115	59	30	20	*	*

*preliminary numbers





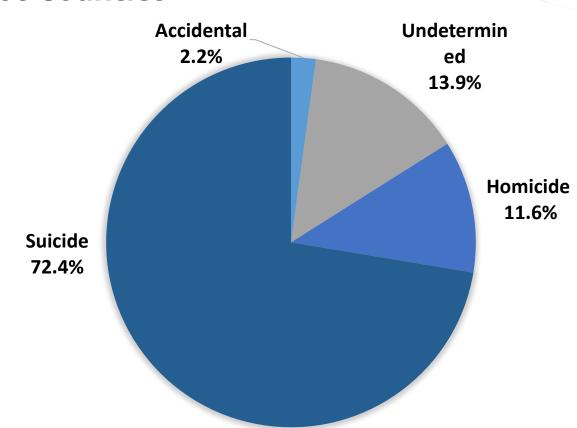
Manner of Death



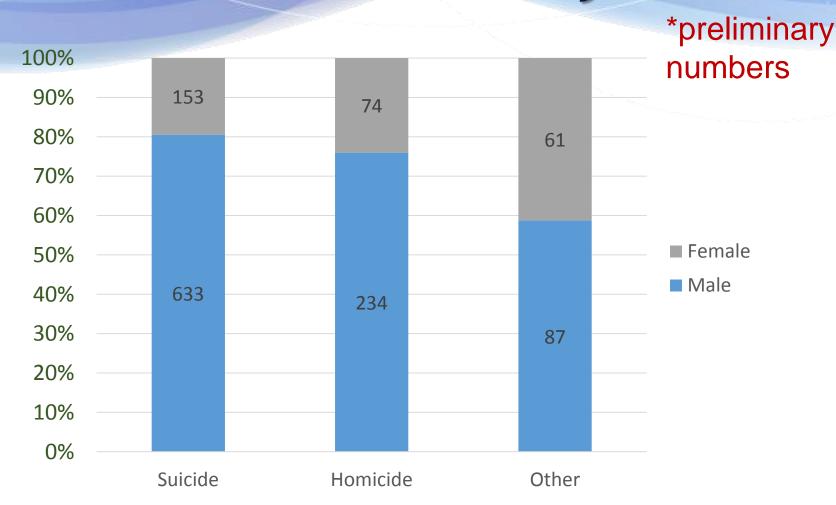
Manner of Death

*preliminary numbers

Non-Pilot Counties



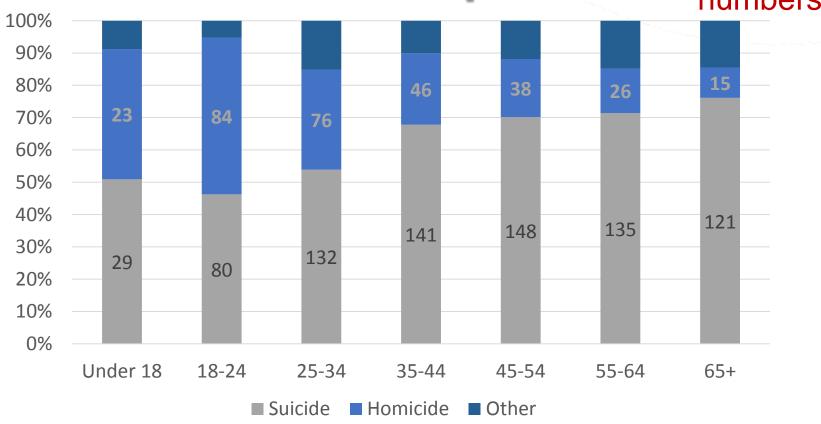
Manner of Death by Sex



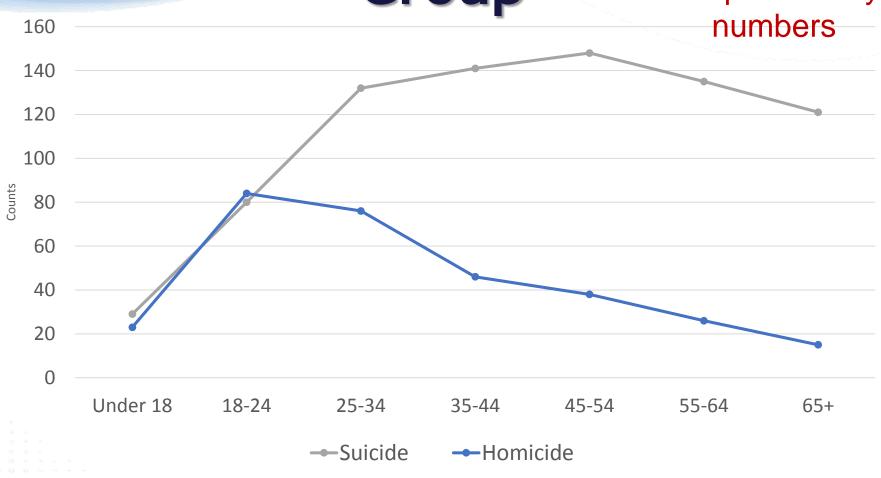
Manner of Death by Age



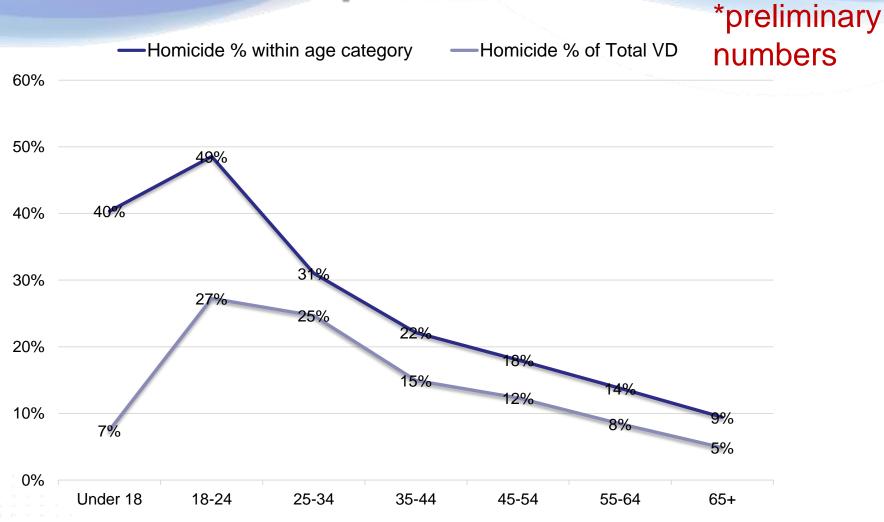
*preliminary numbers



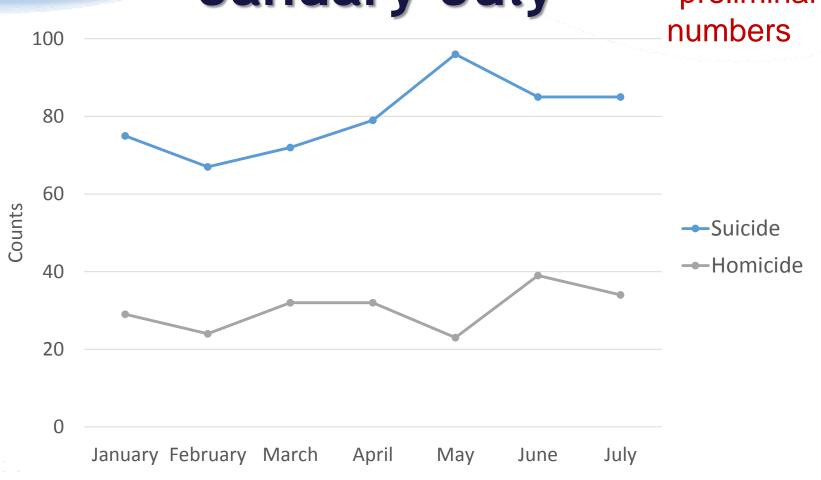
Manner of Death by Age *preliminary numbers



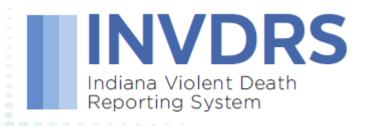
Homicide Percentages by Age Group and Total



Manner of Death by Month January-July *preliminary



What else would you like to see?

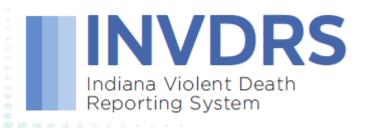




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Coroner Update

Murray Lawry, INVDRS Coroner **Records Coordinator**





Data Sharing Agreements

20 signed Data Sharing Agreements

- Bartholomew
- Cass
- Clinton
- DeKalb
- Delaware
- Fountain
- Jackson
- Jasper
- LaGrange
- LaPorte

- Lawrence
- Marion
- Montgomery
- Newton
- Pike
- Pulaski
- St. Joseph
- Wabash
- Wayne
- Whitley

Successes

- 4 counties with scheduled visits
 - Carroll, Tippecanoe, Hamilton, Hancock





Challenges

- 3 counties are requesting there be a law that requires them to submit data to INVDRS before they will sign a DSA
- Allen County Prosecutor
- Unable to reach Madison County Coroner

Suggestions/Comments?





Law Enforcement Update

John O'Boyle, INVDRS Law Enforcement Records Coordinator

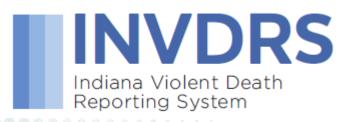




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Data Sharing Agreements

- 174 signed Data Sharing Agreements
 - 30 in Pilot Counties
 - Allen-3
 - Lake-9
 - Madison-11
 - Marion-3
 - St. Joseph-1
 - Vanderburgh-2





Successes

- Legal questions about the DSA from local agencies
 - Small changes are permissible as long as they are reviewed and accepted
- Speaking engagement at the Indiana Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) in January 2016
- Basic Vender Membership with the Indiana Sheriff's Association (ISA) for their ISA Conference

Challenges

- Unwilling to participate due to previous experience with the federal government
- Smaller departments not seeing a need

Suggestions/Comments?



Indiana State

<u>Department of Health</u>

Update from the INVDRS Records Coordinator

Marion Chaloux, M.S.
INVDRS Records Consultant





Data Collection and Abstraction

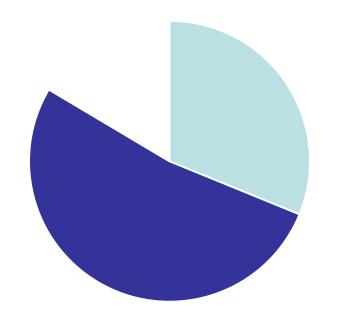
• Requested: 477

- Not received: 178

Received: 299

- Abstracted: 94

477 Total Records



- Requested but not received
- ReceivedAbstracted



Data Collection: LE

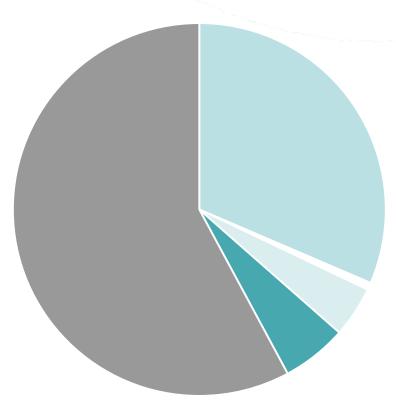
Abstracted

On-going cases

Received, not abstracted

- Requested: 249
- Received: 159
 - Abstracted: 50
 - 17 cases are either ongoing or have no report associated with that case

159 Received Cases



Non-INVDRS

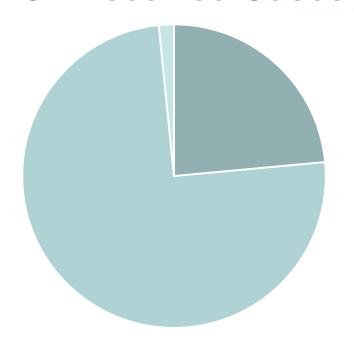
No report associated

INVDRS
Indiana Violent Death
Reporting System

Data Collection: CME

- Requested: 228
- Received: 187
 - Abstracted: 44
 - 3 cases received were later deemed non-INVDRS cases

187 Received Cases

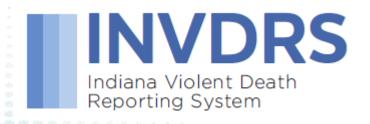


- Abstracted
- Received, not abstracted
- Non-INVDRS

INVDRS
Indiana Violent Death
Reporting System

INVDRS: Indiana specific work

- INVDRS Training modules
 - Introduction to the unique problems in Indiana
 - Confidentiality
- Indiana specific data elements?





Successes

- Reports are coming in continuously!
- Overall, very informative reports





Challenges

- Inconsistent reports
- Lack of required reports





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Time for questions/input





Trauma Registry





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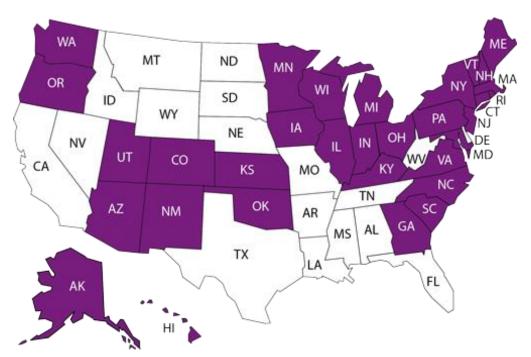
Trauma Registry Data Elements

- Seen in ED (drop box)
- Admitted to Inpatient (checkbox)
- ICD-9 codes from hospital
- Wounds-Able to identify location of
- Place of Death (Inpatient, Outpatient, DOA, etc)
- Toxicology
- EMS at Scene (checkbox)

Presentation by First Sergeant Rob Simpson

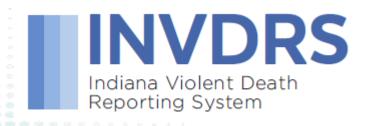
Midwest Injury Prevention Alliance (MIPA)

NVDRS Subcommittee



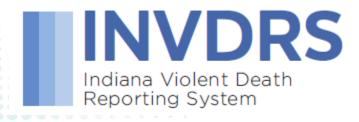
MIPA NVDRS Subcommittee

- Goals: facilitate mentoring and collaboration, regional data sharing
- Sharing of Death Certificates to ID:
 - Individuals involved in an incident that began in Indiana but death occurred in another state

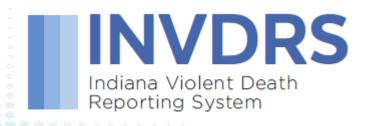




- Example 1: An individual was shot in Indiana right across the state line from Cincinnati. They were taken to a hospital in Ohio where they died.
- What we know:
 - Decedent was an Indiana resident
 - Injury happened in Indiana
 - Death happened in Ohio
 - Both states are NVDRS states
- Who is responsible for collecting data on this case?

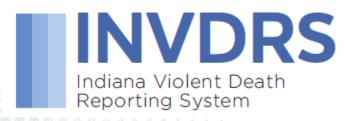


 Answer: Indiana. According to the CDC, when both states are NVDRS states, the state of injury is responsible for collecting the case.

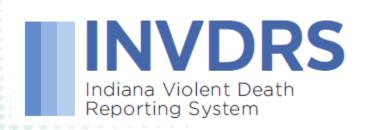




- Example 2: An Indiana resident dies by suicide in Tennessee
- What we know:
 - Indiana resident
 - Injury and Death in Tennessee
- Who is responsible for collecting data on this case?



 Answer: Indiana. Tennessee is not an NVDRS state but Indiana is responsible for abstracting the incident if one of their own residents dies violently in a state that is not currently part of NVDRS.

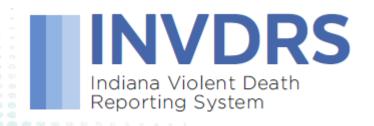




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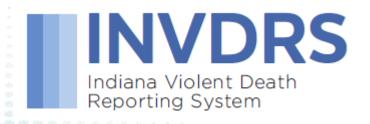
- Example 3: Suspect 1 kills Victim 1 in Indiana. Three hours later, Suspect 1 attempts suicide in Michigan. Suspect 1 lives for 2 days before succumbing from their injuries
- What we know:
 - Incident began in Indiana
 - The two decedents were injured and died and different states
 - The injuries occurred within 24 hours of each other
- Who is responsible for collecting each death?

• Answer: Indiana. The incident began in Indiana and because the second injury occurred within 24 hours of the first injury, they comprise a single incident.





2016 Statewide Implementation





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2016 Statewide **Implementation**

- Data collection for INVDRS will begin in January 2016 for all 92 counties in Indiana.
- Focus will be placed on counties with the highest death counts in previous years.





INVDRS Brochure

Violent deaths in Indiana (2010-2013)

- 3,625 Hoosiers died by suicide, approximately 906 deaths a year.
- · 1,366 Hoosiers died by homicide.
- Suicides occur almost three times as often as homicides.
- Indiana's suicide and homicide rates exceed the national rates.

Violent deaths in the U.S. (2010-2013)

- Violent deaths accounted for about 244,000 deaths.
- For every 100,000 persons, 12.4 will die by suicide. This is over 39,000 individuals each year.
- For every 100,000 persons, 5.2 will die by homicide. This is over 16,000 individuals per year.





Indiana State Department of Health Division of Trauma and Injury Prevention

> 2 N. Meridian St. Indianapolis, IN 46204

For more information, please visit our website: Indianatrauma.org

And contact: INVDRS@isdh.in.gov



www.StateHealth.in.gov



Death Reporting System

www.StateHealth.in.gov

3

What is the National Violent Death Reporting System (NVDRS)?

NVDRS is an incident-based surveillance system which collects comprehensive variables surrounding violent death. NVDRS combines data from death certificates and coroner and law enforcement reports into one comprehensive reporting system.

What is considered a violent death?

For inclusion in INVDRS, a violent death is defined as a death which results from the intentional use of physical force or power against oneself, another person, or a group or community.

Violent deaths include:

- Homicides
- Suicides
- Deaths due to legal intervention
- Undetermined intent
- Undintentional firearm-related deaths

Child Fatality Review

INVDRS will capture violent death incidents involving children by utilizing and enhancing the work done through Child Fatality Review. From 1999-2013 in Indiana, there were 1,212 violent deaths among children under the age of 18.

What Information is collected?

INVDRS will help understand the circumstances surrounding violent death in Indiana. Data elements include information on the following, when applicable:

- · Demographics of victim
- Demographics of suspect
- Toxicology
- Weapon(s)
- · Circumstances of death
- Relationship between the victim and suspect(s)

Data sources

INVDRS uses multiple data sources, including death certificates, coroner reports, local and state police reports, and crime lab reports in creating its incident records.

Information about the circumstances associated with violent death is a particularly unique and important feature of INVDRS, since it helps identify specific risk factors leading to violence, which can help us better understand how to curb it.

Translating data into action The data will be used to:

- inform communities of their specific problems and suggest possible intervention opportunities
- assist local violence prevention programs in obtaining state and federal funding by demonstrating need
- inform data providers, such as police departments and coroner's offices, on their data quality and timeliness
- guide and target violence prevention programs, policies, and practices
- support planning and implementation of these programs, policies, and practices monitor and evaluate prevention efforts



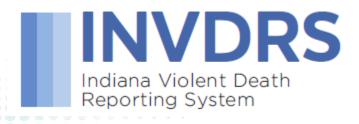






Getting the Word Out-2015

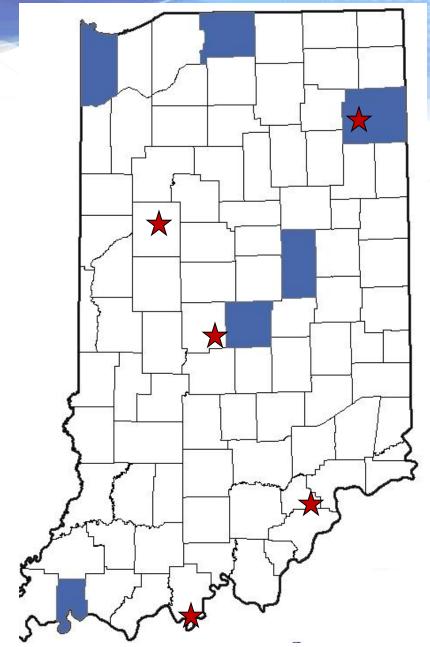
- Indiana Coroner's Training Board Conference
 - June 26th-28th
 - Exhibitor
- Indiana Sheriff's Association Conference
 - July 17th-19th
 - Exhibitor
- Indiana Emergency Response Conference
 - August 19th-22nd
 - Presenter





SUIDI Training

- Tell City
 - May 28th, 2015
- Ft. Wayne
 - June 4th, 2015
- Plainfield
 - July 16th, 2015
- Scottsburg
 - August 6th, 2015
- Lafayette
 - September 17th, 2015



Getting the Word Out-2015

 Have already started obtaining agreements with any counties/agencies that are willing





Data Confidentiality

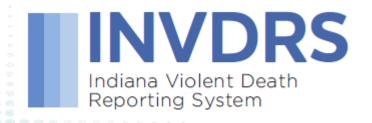




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Data Confidentiality

- Received IRB Approval!
- Next Step:
 - Applying for the Certificate of Confidentiality from the CDC

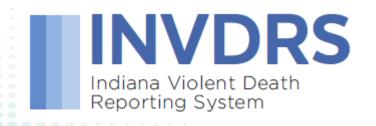




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Certificate of Confidentiality

• Once approved, the CoC protects ISDH from being compelled to release identifiable information in response to legal demands at the federal, state, or local levels.





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Injury Prevention Resource Guide & Updates

December 15, 2015

Jessica Schultz, MPH, Injury Prevention Epidemiologist

Division of Trauma and Injury Prevention



Why Prevent Injuries?

- Injuries are not accidents!
- Injuries can be devastating,
- Injuries can be deadly,
- Injuries are costly, and
- Injuries are preventable.

"Prevention is the vaccine for the disease of injury" - American College of Surgeons-Committee on Trauma

Primary Goals of Project

- 1. Create a document that can provide easily accessible and understandable data and information on the size and scope of specific injury problems in Indiana.
- 2. Highlight evidence-based solutions to the problem of injury

Indiana State

<u>Department of Health</u>

Outline per Injury Prevention Topic

- 1. Short description of problem
- 2. U.S. data
- 3. Indiana data
- 4. How do we address this problem?
 - a. Evidence-based solutions
 - b. Policy, data collection, education, interventions, collaborations, measures
- 5. Additional Resources (state and national)

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ALCOHOL & INJURY



CHILD MALTREATMENT

10 topics in initial launch



DISTRACTED DRIVING



INFANT SAFE SLEEP



SEXUAL ASSAULT



SUICIDE PREVENTION



OLDER ADULT FALLS



RX OVERDOSE



TRAUMA & TRAUMA SYSTEMS



TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY



TRAFFIC SAFETY



POISONING



ASSAULT & HOMICIDE

Future Injury Topics



INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE



OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY



TEEN DRIVING SAFETY



CHILD PASSENGER SAFETY



ATV SAFETY



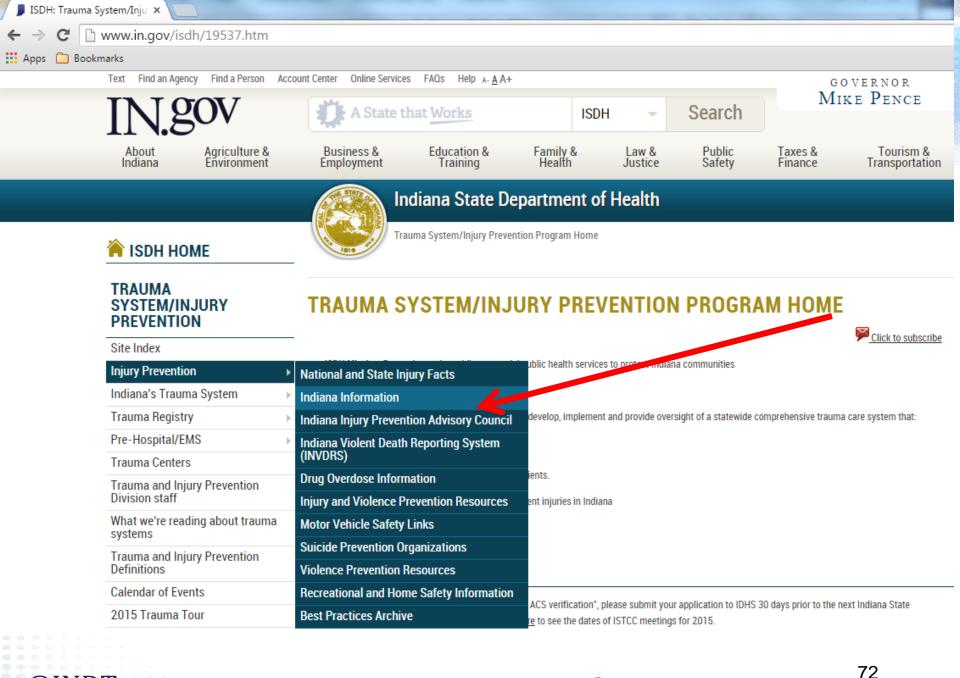
RURAL HEALTH



CARBON MONOXIDE & HOME FIRES



BULLYING



Resource Guide

INDIANA INFORMATION

Reports and Documents

Preventing Injuries in Indiana: A Resource Guide

The Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) Division of Trauma and Injury is pleased to provide the first edition of this comprehensive Resource Guide on injuries affecting Hoosiers. By accessing, analyzing and compiling data and evidence-based resources from a wide variety of sources, the Resource Guide describes some of the issues related to injury and the strategies to address the immense toll that injuries take on the lives of Indiana residents. Injuries are a major public health problem and require resources and programming to reduce this toll. This Resource Guide aims to inform injury prevention interventions.

2015 Preventing Injuries in Indiana: A Resource Guide: Updated 11/17/2015

Injury Topics:

Trauma & Trauma System	Older Adult Falls
Alcohol & Injury	Child Maltreatment
Prescription Drug Overdose	Sexual Violence
Infant Safe Sleep	Distracted Driving
Traumatic Brain Injury	Suicide Prevention

Appendices:

	D: <u>State, Regional & National Injury Prevention</u> <u>Organizations</u>
B: ISDH Vital Statistics and Hospital Discharge Data	E: Indiana Injury Prevention Reports & Information
C: Resources to Find Evidence-Based Programs	



- Injury Prevention at your fingertips
- Free download for iOS & Android
 - phone & tablet capabilities
- Available in Apple & Google Play stores



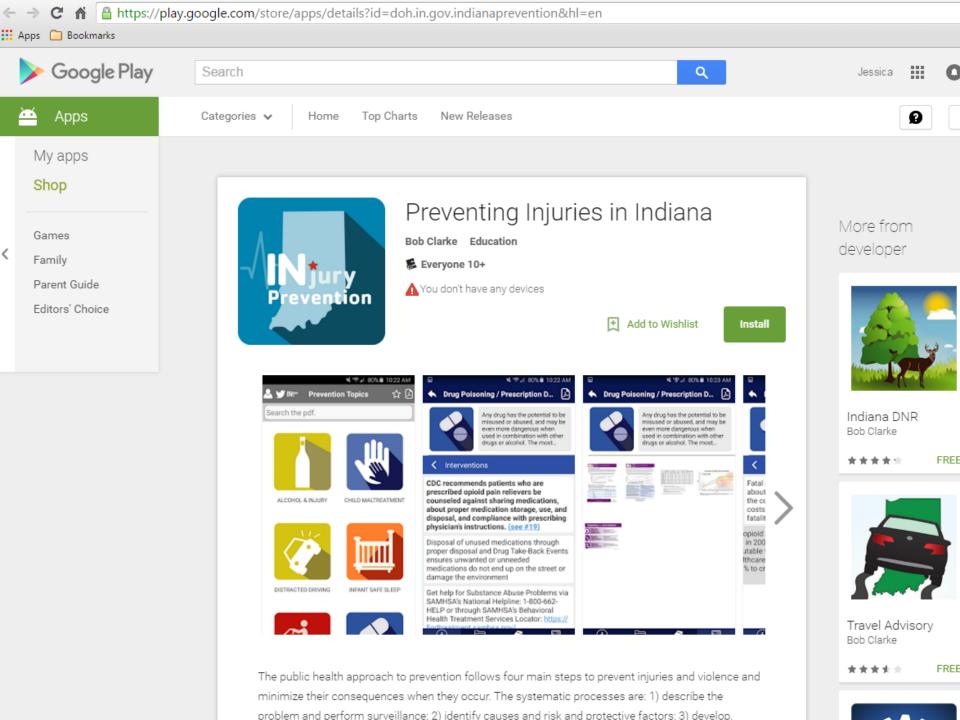
App Stores

• Android:

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=doh.
in.gov.indianaprevention&hl=en

• Apple:

https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/preventing
-injuries-in-Indiana/id1037435460?mt=8



Preventing Injuries in Indiana: Injury Prevention Resource Guide

View More by This Developer

By Indiana Office of Technology

Open iTunes to buy and download apps.



View in iTunes

This app is designed for both iPhone and iPad

Free

Category: Health & Fitness Released: Oct 14, 2015

Version: 1.0 Size: 2.0 MB Language: English Seller: Indiana Office of

Technology

Indiana Department of

Health ©

Infraguent/Mild

Rated 12+ for the following:

Infrequent/Mild Sexual Content and Nudity

Description

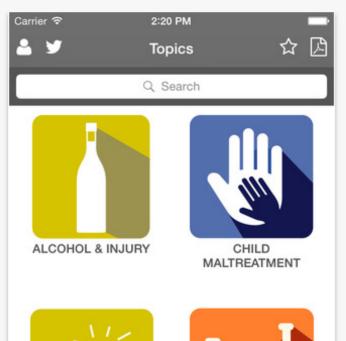
The public health approach to prevention follows four main steps to prevent injuries and violence and minimize their consequences when they occur. The systematic processes are: 1) describe the problem and perform surveillance; 2) identify causes and risk and protective factors; 3) develop, implement, and evaluate prevention strategies; and 4)

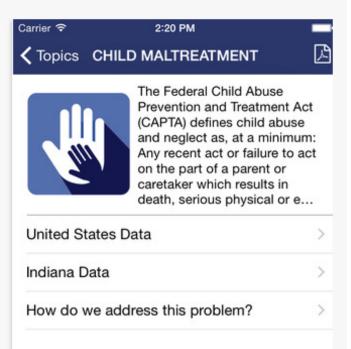
Preventing Injuries in Indiana: Injury Prevention Resource Guide Support >

...More

iPhone | iPad







TRAUMA & TRAUMA SYSTE... 🔎





A trauma system is an organized, coordinated approach to treating individuals who have sustained severe injuries requiring rapid evaluation and transport to specific...

United States Data

Indiana Data

How do we address this problem?

TRAUMA & TRAUMA SYSTEMS Close

9:38 AM

A trauma system is an organized, coordinated approach to treating individuals who have sustained severe injuries requiring rapid evaluation and transport to specific hospitals with trauma care staff, equipment, and capabilities to provide the needed comprehensive care. The ultimate goal of an efficient and effective trauma system is to get the right patient the right care, at the right place, at the right time. Research indicates there is a 25% reduction in deaths for severely injured patients who receive care at a American College of Surgeons (ACS) verified level I trauma center rather than a non-trauma center.1 However, not all injured patients can or should be transported to a level I center, therefore Emergency Medical Service (EMS) providers must perform field triage to assist in determining the most appropriate level of care needed for the patient. Injuries and violence have a significant impact on the well-being of Americans by contributing to premature death, disability, poor mental health, high medical costs, and lost productivity. The effects of injuries and violence extend beyond the injured person or victim of violence to family members, friends, employers, and communities.2



⟨ Back TRAUMA & TRAUMA SYSTEMS PDF

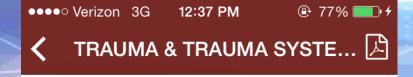


A trauma system is an organized, coordinated approach to treating individuals who have sustained severe injuries requiring rapid evaluation and transport to s...

United States Data

Fatal data	>
Non-fatal data	>
Cost data	>







A trauma system is an organized, coordinated approach to treating individuals who have sustained severe injuries requiring rapid evaluation and transport to specific...

**** How do we address this proble...

Policy >

Data collection >

Education >

Interventions >

Collaborations >

Measures: Healthy People 2020











A trauma system is an organized, coordinated approach to treating individuals who have sustained severe injuries requiring rapid evaluation and transport to specific...

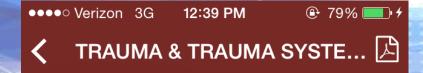
Data collection

population, statewide process improvement activities, and research.

The Indiana Trauma Registry requires the National Trauma Data Bank (NTDB) data elements for each incident submitted and follows strict inclusion/exclusion criteria. The Indiana Trauma Registry Data Dictionary can be accessed here:

http://www.in.gov/isdh/25407.htm







A trauma system is an organized, coordinated approach to treating individuals who have sustained severe injuries requiring rapid evaluation and transport to specific...

Data collection

population, statewide process improvement activities, and research.

Registry requires Data Bank s for each nd follows strict riteria. The stry Data cessed here:

dh/25407.htm

Trauma







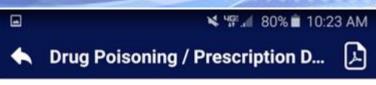
Any drug has the potential to be misused or abused, and may be even more dangerous when used in combination with other drugs or alcohol. The most...

← Cost data

Fatal unintentional poisoning costs were about \$68 million in 2010. Of this amount, the combined cost of work loss and medical costs was an average of \$653,429 per fatality.(see #14)

opioid abuse costs in 2007. Of this utable to lost Ithcare costs (e.g., % to criminal justice

Favorite Share





Any drug has the potential to be misused or abused, and may be even more dangerous when used in combination with other drugs or alcohol. The most...

















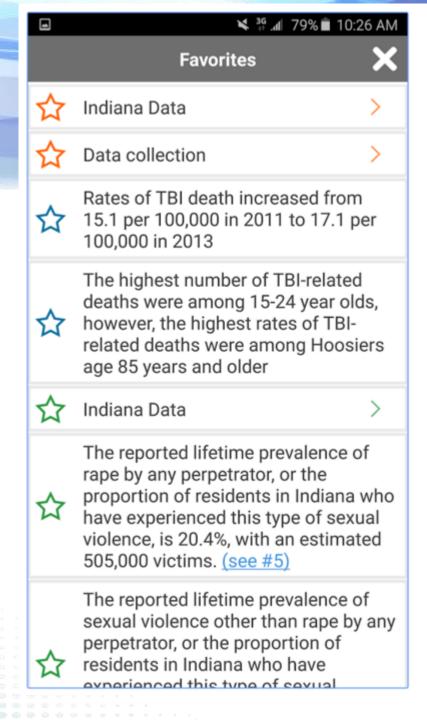












●●●●○ Verizon 3G 12:39 PM

Favorites

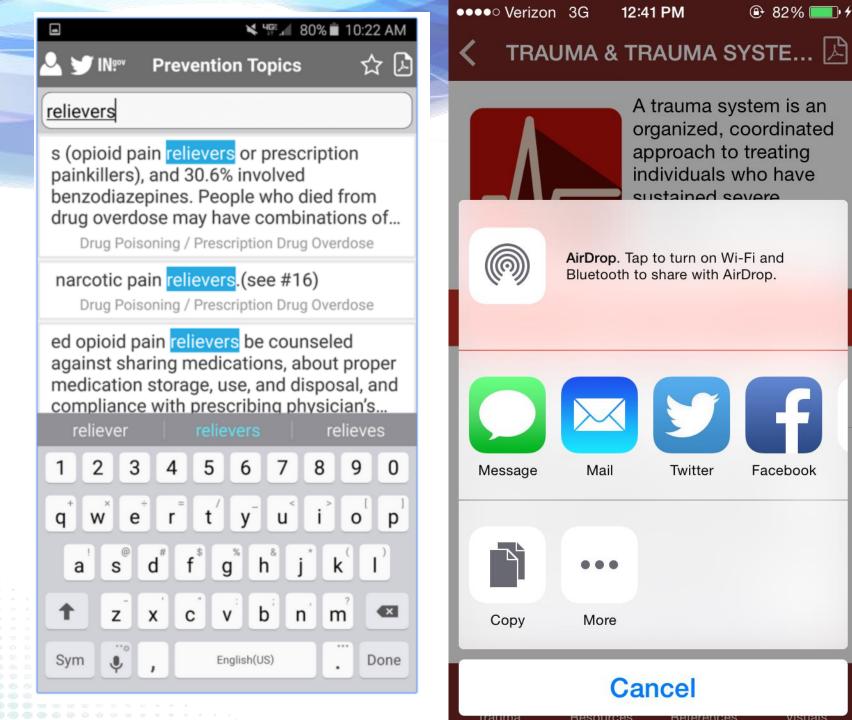


80%

The Indiana Trauma Registry requires the National Trauma Data Bank (NTDB) data elements for each incident submitted and follows strict inclusion/exclusion criteria. The Indiana Trauma Registry Data Dictionary can be accessed here: http://www.in.gov/isdh/

25407.htm

Trauma & Trauma System





●●●●○ Verizon 3G	12:44 PM	
Cancel ISDH In	njury Prever	ntion Send
To: indianatraun	na@isdh.in.g	ov
Cc/Bcc:		
Subject: ISDH II	njury Prevent	tion

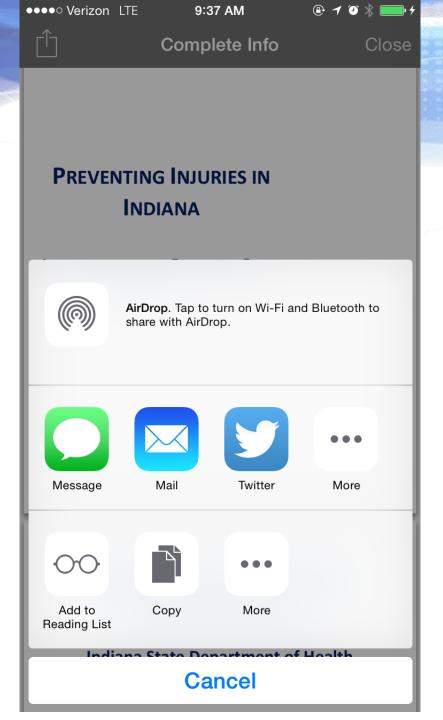


INJURY PREVENTION RESOURCE GUIDE 2015 EDITION

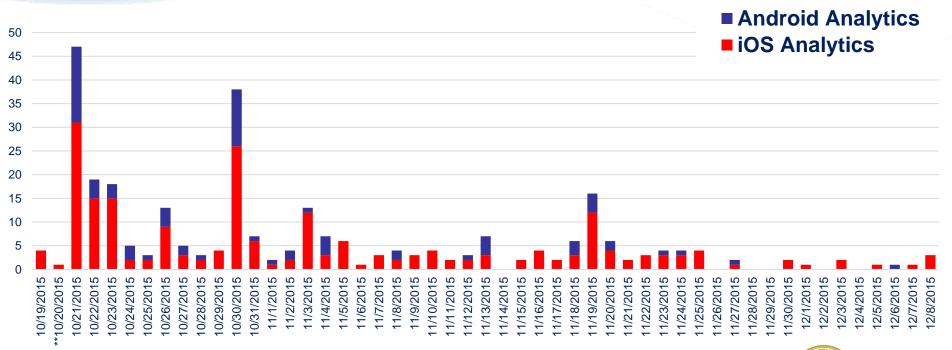
INDIANA INJURY PREVENTION RESOURCE GUIDE

Indiana State Department of Health

Jerome M. Adams, MD, MPH State Health Commissioner



Installs per day, N = 336



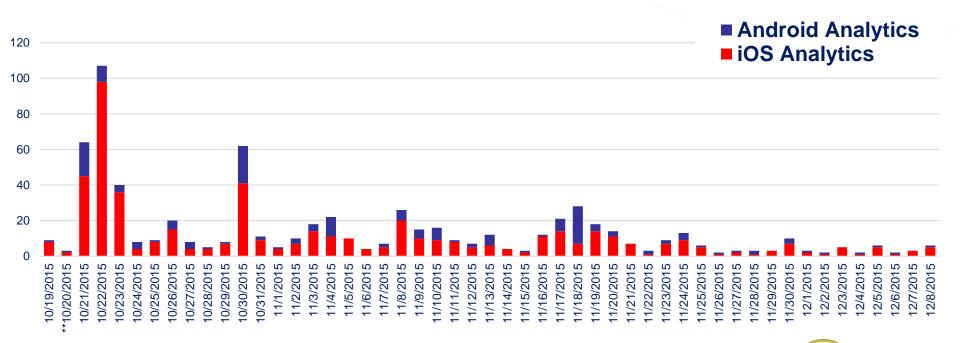
**ISDH press release on 10/20/2015

Indiana State

Department of Health

86

Launches per day, N = 1,385



**ISDH press release on 10/20/2015

Indiana State

<u>Department of Health</u>

Resource Guide

- Launched on ISDH website 9/21
- @INDTrauma Twitter: 7 tweets

- Article in October *Trauma Times*
- Article in IPAC bi-weekly email

Update to document 11/17



- Released 10/21
- @INDTrauma: 17 tweets



Newsletters:

- Indiana EMS for Children November Newsletter
- Trauma Times November
- ISDH Office of Women's Health Wellness Watch December
- CDC NCIPC Core VIPP Monthly newsletter
 - October & December





- Press releases:
 - ISDH Press Release
 - Office of Women's Health ListServ
 - Division ListServ
 - IPAC bi-weekly emails
 - INVDRS Advisory Board emails
 - Information sent to numerous stakeholder groups
 - At least 5 news articles (picked up by Google alerts)

Indiana State Department of Health

Jury Prevention

Presentations:

- IPAC (9/17)
- Office of Women's Health Advisory Board (10/14)
- Indiana State Trauma Care Committee (10/30)
- Local Health Department Outreach Division's November Webcast (11/13)
- Indiana Sexual Violence Primary Prevention Advisory Board (11/19)

Indiana State

<u>Department of Health</u>

INDIANA INJURY PREVENTION ADVISORY COUNCIL MEETING 12/10

Program Evaluation – Measuring Impact and Continuously Improving Implementation for Success

Sally Thigpen, MPA

Division of Analysis, Research, and Practice Integration

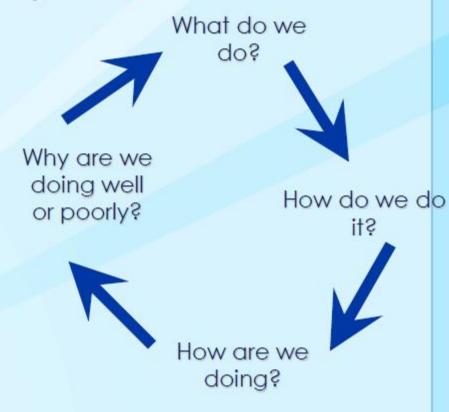
Core VIPP Evaluation Team

December 10, 2015



Integrating Processes to Achieve Continuous Quality Improvement

- Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) cycle.
 - Planning—What actions will best reach our goals and objectives.
 - Performance measurement — How are we doing?
 - Evaluation—Why are we doing well or poorly?



Credit: Tom Chapel, MA, MBA

SMART To	emplate
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Key Component	Objective
Specific	What is the specific task?
Measurable	What are the standards or parameters?
Attainable	Is the task feasible?
Reasonable	Are sufficient resources available?
Time-Bound	What are the start and end dates?

http://www.cdc.gov/phcommunities/resourcekit/evaluate/smart objectives.html

View IPAC webcast

- http://videocenter.isdh.in.gov/videos/
- Search for Injury Prevention Advisory Council December 10 meeting

CDC CORE STATE VIOLENCE AND INJURY PREVENTION (CORE SVIPP) FOA

Core SVIPP

- Duration: 5 years, beginning 8/1/2016
- Ave. Award: \$250,000 (\$200,000-\$475,000)

- FOA Released 12/7/2015
- Letter of Intent due 3/1/2016
- Application due 4/8/2016
- Will need LOS from partners!



Core SVIPP

- Four Priority Focus Areas:
 - Child abuse and neglect
 - Traumatic brain injury
 - Motor vehicle crash injury and death
 - Intimate partner/sexual violence
- Multicomponent: BASE
 - SQI
 - RNCO



Strategies & Activities

- 1. Educate health department leaders & policy makers about Public Health approach to IVP
- 2. Engage, coordinate, and leverage other internal state department of health and external partners and Injury Control Research Centers or other injury research institutes
- 3. Enhance statewide IVP plan and logic model for 4 priority areas

Strategies & Activities

- 4. Implement 3 strategies that address 4 priority focus areas one selected strategy must address shared risk and protective factors across two priority focus areas
- 5. Develop evaluation plan reflecting process and outcome measures
- 6. Disseminate surveillance and evaluation information to stakeholders and use to inform continuous quality improvement
- 7. Enhance surveillance systems to capture IVP data

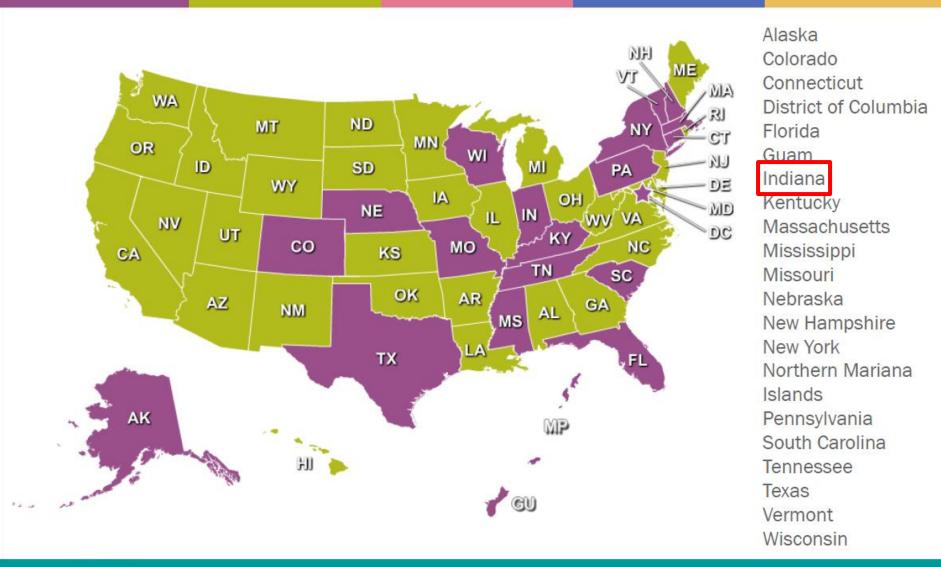


Child Safety Collaborative Innovation & Improvement Network

Child Safety COIIN



States & Jurisdictions Participating in the CS CollN



About the CS CollN





CollN Summit Goals

- Identify your state or jurisdiction's topic areas for the CollN and discuss potential strategies
- Develop your state or jurisdiction's team recruitment action plan for the CollN
- Build your capacity in quality improvement and collaborative learning
- Commit to the CS CollN framework for collaboration and improvement



State and Jurisdiction Leadership Team

SHO, MCH Director, and IVP Director

Role at the Summit

- Align CollN work with State/Jurisdiction
- Determine topic areas to focus on
- Generate ideas for potential strategies for topic areas
- Make a plan of action for getting the work off the ground

About the CS CollN



Adapted from the Institute for Health Care Improvement



Contact

Jessica Schultz, MPH
Injury Prevention Epidemiologist
Division of Trauma and Injury Prevention
Indiana State Department of Health

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Phone: 317-233-7716

Indiana State

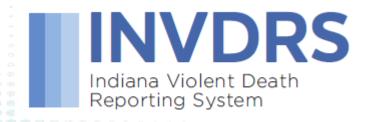
<u>Department of Health</u>

ADVISORY BOARD: MEMBERS

Purpose of the Advisory Board

Our Vision: prevention of violent deaths in Indiana.

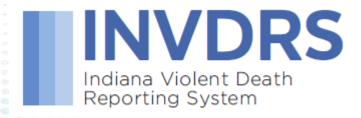
Our Mission: to reduce the number of violent injuries and deaths by providing comprehensive, objective, and accurate information regarding violence-related morbidity and mortality.





Responsibilities of a Advisory Board Member

- Help identify barriers to INVDRS and develop solutions
- Provide access to data (if applicable).
- Connect ISDH with your partners.
- •Provide speaking opportunities for INVDRS staff with professional organizations.
- •Assist in identifying and recruiting individuals to join the advisory board.
- •Be a spokesperson for INVDRS.
- Utilize INVDRS data.
- •Review and facilitate the dissemination of data reports.



Indiana State Department of Health

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Call to Action

- Send interested parties to ISDH Division of Trauma and Injury Prevention
 - INVDRS@isdh.in.gov
 - INVDRS Epidemiologist

Rachel Kenny

317-233-8197

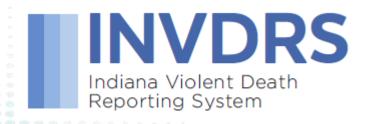
rkenny@isdh.in.gov





New 2016 meeting dates

- 3rd Friday of the month
 - 1 p.m.-3 p.m. EST in Rice Auditorium
 - March 18
 - July 15
 - September 16
 - November 18





Contact Information

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Coordinator

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INVDRS
Indiana Violent Death
Reporting System

John O'Boyle INVDRS Law Enforcement Records Coordinator

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Mobile: 317.402.6052

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